

XT - MATHS Grade 11

Name: _____

Class: _____

Subject: Trigonometry 2: Graphs

Date: _____

Total Marks: 41

Question 1: True/False [2]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 2

The graph of $y = \cos x$ is to be reflected in the y -axis.
The equation of the new graph will be unchanged from the original.

TRUE

FALSE

Questions 2 to 3 refer to the following graphic

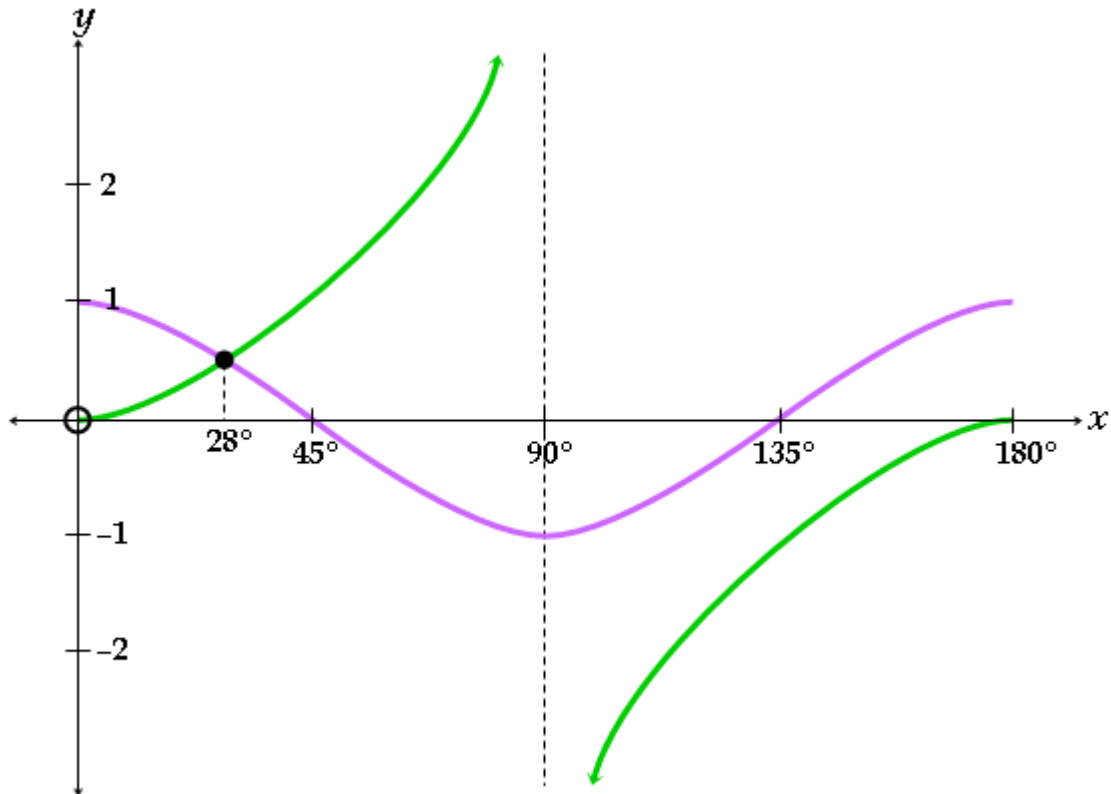


Figure 1: 4333

Question 2: True/False [2]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 2

Given graph: $y = \tan x$ and $y = \cos 2x$ for $x \in [0^\circ; 180^\circ]$

If the graphs were extended for $x \in [0^\circ; 360^\circ]$ the next point of intersection would be at $x = 208^\circ$.

TRUE

FALSE

Question 3: Multiple Choice [4]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 2

Given graph: $y = \tan x$ and $y = \cos 2x$ for $x \in [0^\circ; 180^\circ]$ The values of x for which $\tan x \cdot \cos 2x < 0$ are ...

- A** $(45^\circ; 90^\circ)$ and $(135^\circ; 180^\circ)$
- B** $(28^\circ; 90^\circ)$ and $(135^\circ; 180^\circ)$
- C** $(0^\circ; 28^\circ]$
- D** $[45^\circ; 90^\circ)$ and $(90^\circ; 180^\circ]$
- E** $(45^\circ; 180^\circ)$

Question 4: True/False [2]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 2

The function $y = a \tan bx$ is given with $b > 0$.If the lines $x = -30^\circ$ and $x = 30^\circ$ are asymptotes of this function, then the value of b will be $\frac{1}{3}$.

- TRUE** **FALSE**

Question 5 refers to the following graphic

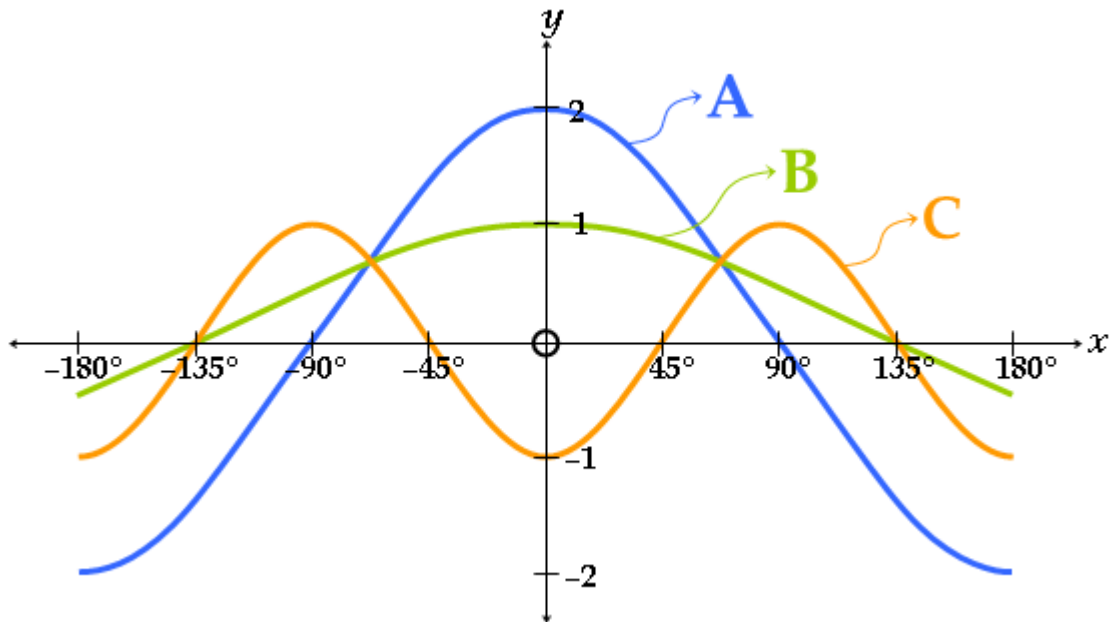


Figure 2: 11-0006

Question 5: Multiple Choice [2]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 2

Three cosine graphs have been sketched for $-180^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ$.
The graph with the greatest period is ...

A

B

C

Question 6 refers to the following graphic

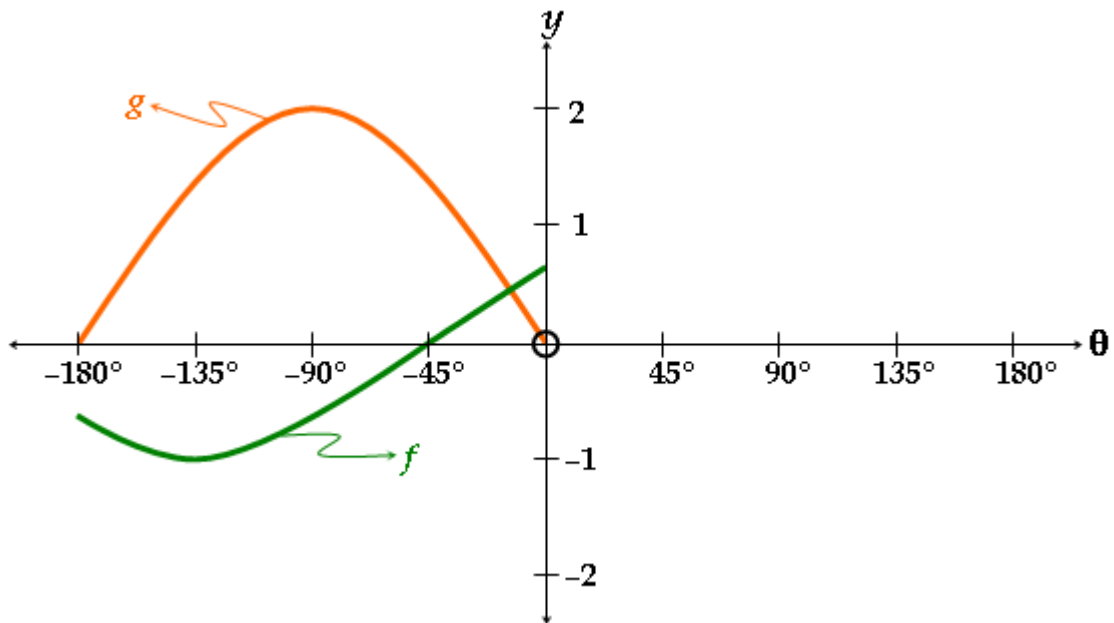


Figure 3: 4334

Question 6: Multiple Choice [3]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 2

$$f : y = a \cos(\theta + b)$$

$$g : y = c \sin \theta$$

The sketch graphs of the above equations are given for $[-180^\circ; 0^\circ]$.

The values of a , b and c are therefore ...

- A** $a = 1; c = -2; b = 45^\circ$
- B** $a = -1; c = -2; b = -45^\circ$
- C** $a = 1; c = -2; b = -45^\circ$
- D** $a = 1; c = 2; b = 45^\circ$
- E** $a = 1; b = -2; c = 45^\circ$

Question 7: Multiple Choice [2]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 2

Given: $y = \frac{12}{10} \sin 2x$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 90^\circ$

The value of x when the maximum height achieved by the graph of this equation is ...

A $\frac{12}{10}$

B 90°

C 45°

D 1

E 2

Question 8 refers to the following graphic

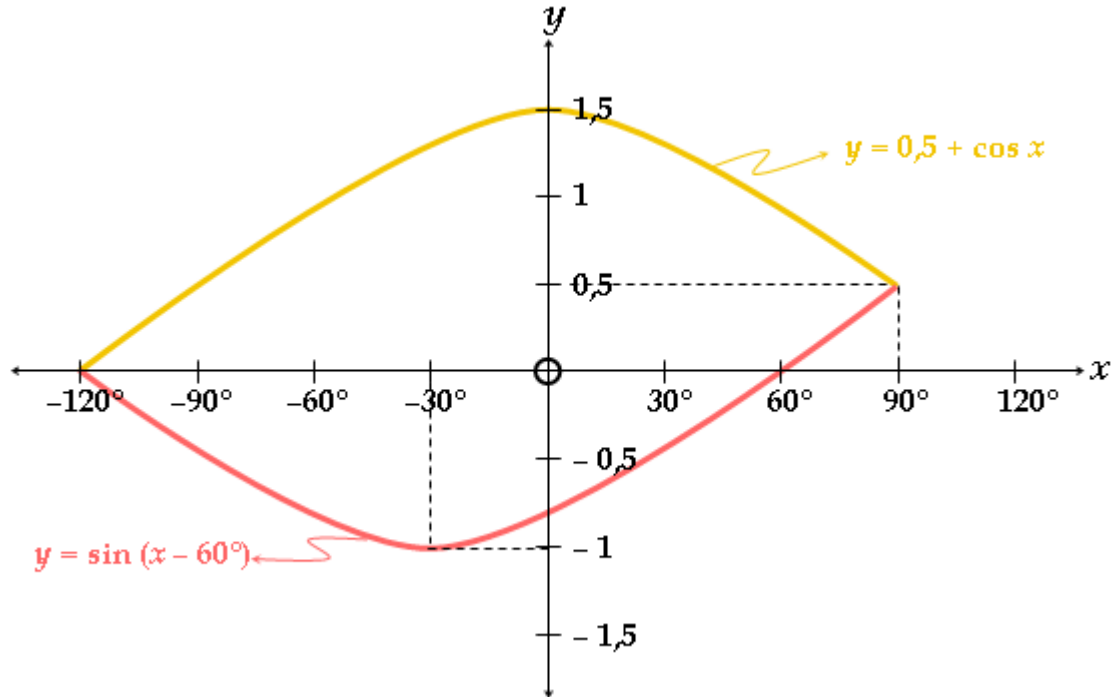


Figure 4: 4326

Question 8: Socrates [2]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 2

Given: $y = \sin(x - 60^\circ)$ and $y = 0,5 + \cos x$ for $x \in [-120^\circ; 90^\circ]$

The interval of x for which $(\sin(x - 60^\circ))(0,5 + \cos x) > 0$ is ...

[Give your answer in the form (a; b).]

Question 9: Socrates [2]

Wiskunde - LU 2 : AS 2

If the graph of the equation $y = 2\cos(x + 30^\circ)$ is moved 30° right,
the new graph will be represented by the equation ...

Question 10: Socrates [2]

The graph of the equation $y = \cos(x + 45^\circ)$ is moved 30° to the right.

The new graph will then represent the equation ...

Question 11: Socrates [2]

The x -intercepts of the function $y = \cos(x - 60^\circ)$ with $-180^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ$ are ...

[Give the roots and separate them with a semi-colon, e.g. $45^\circ ; 60^\circ$.]

Question 12 refers to the following graphic

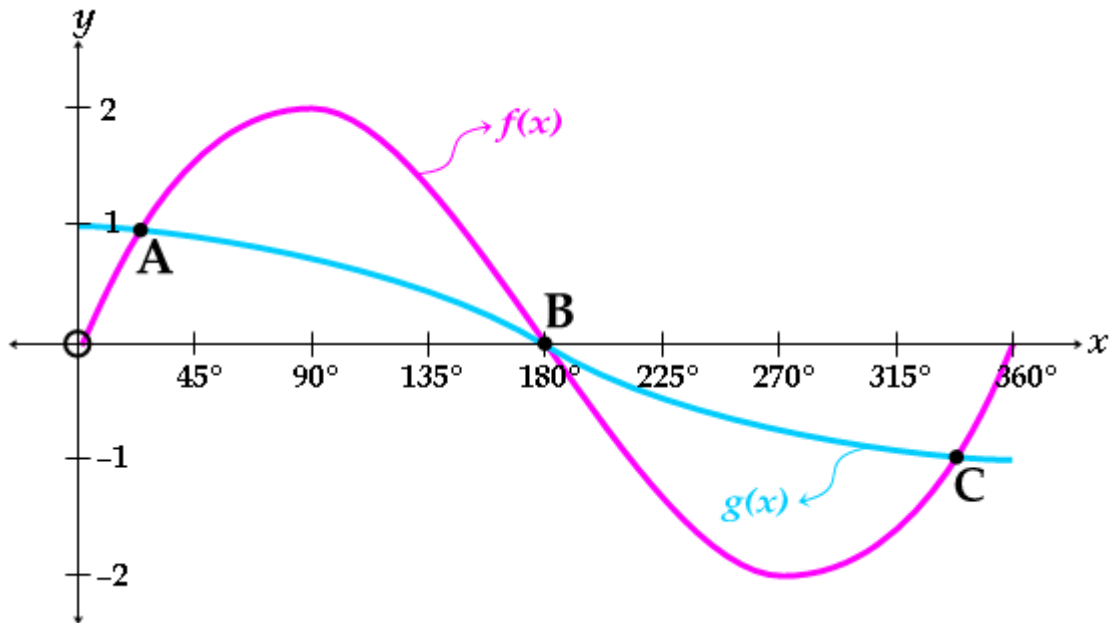


Figure 5: 11-0007

Question 12: Cloze [4]

The graphs of $f(x) = 2 \sin x$ and $g(x) = \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$ have been sketched for the interval $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$.

The graphs intersect at A ($29^\circ; 0,96$), B and C.

The coordinates of B are (Ans. 1).

The coordinates of C are (Ans. 2).

1	
---	--

2	
---	--

▶ $(90^\circ; 0)$

▶ $(180^\circ; 0)$

▶ $(-29^\circ; -0,96)$

▶ $(331^\circ; -0,96)$

▶ $(331^\circ; 0,96)$

▶ $(299^\circ; -0,96)$

▶ 90°

▶ 180°

Questions 13 to 14 refer to the following graphic

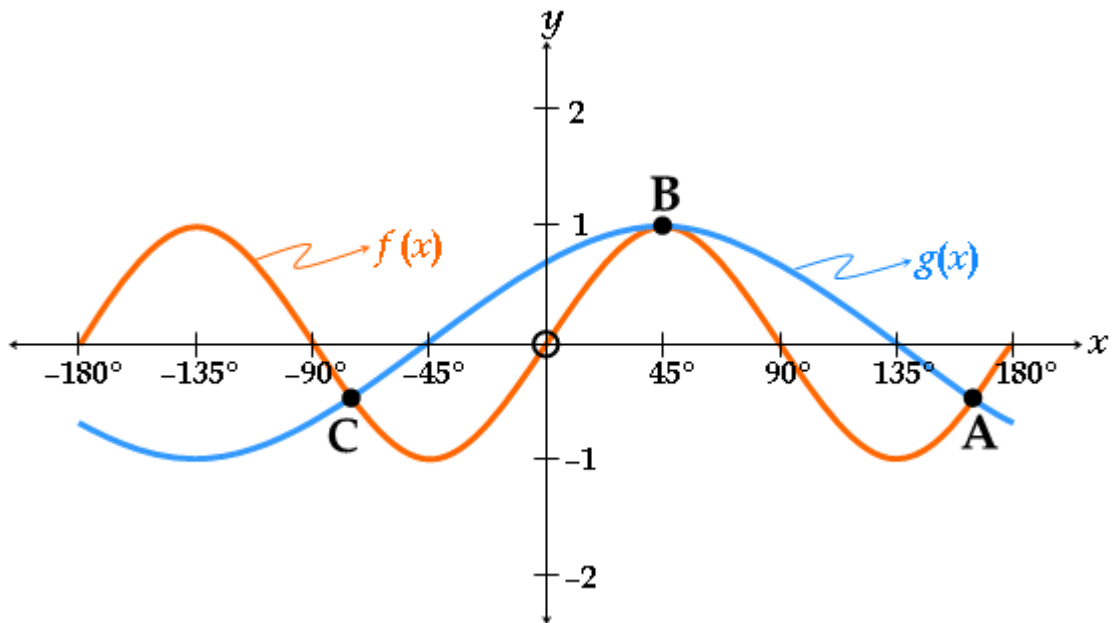


Figure 6: 11-0009

Question 13: Cloze [4]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 2

The graphs of $f(x) = \sin 2x$ and $g(x) = \cos(x - 45^\circ)$ have been sketched for the interval $-180^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ$.

The graphs intersect at A $(165^\circ; -0,5)$, B and C.

The coordinates of B are (Ans. 1).

The coordinates of C are (Ans. 2).

1	2
---	---

- | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| ▶ $(90^\circ; 1)$ | ▶ $(45^\circ; 1)$ | ▶ $(-75^\circ; -0,5)$ |
| ▶ $(-120^\circ; -0,5)$ | ▶ $(-165^\circ; -0,5)$ | ▶ $(-155^\circ; -0,5)$ |
| ▶ 90° | ▶ 45° | |

Question 14: Cloze [4]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 2

The graphs of $f(x) = \sin 2x$ and $g(x) = \cos(x - 45^\circ)$ have been sketched for the interval $-180^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ$.

The graphs intersect at A, B $(45^\circ; 1)$ and C.

At B a common tangent can be drawn to both curves.

The equation of the tangent is (Ans. 1).

The y -coordinates of the endpoints of $g(x)$ is (Ans. 2).

1	2
---	---

- | | | |
|------------------|-----------|------------------|
| ▶ $x = 1$ | ▶ $y = 1$ | ▶ $y = 45^\circ$ |
| ▶ $x = 45^\circ$ | ▶ $-0,71$ | ▶ $0,71$ |
| ▶ $-0,5$ | ▶ $0,5$ | |

Question 15: Cloze [4]

Given for $x \in [-180^\circ; 180^\circ]$: $h(x) = \cos x - 2$

$$g(x) = \tan 3x$$

$$t(x) = \sin(x + 30^\circ)$$

The period of g will then be (Ans. 1), while the maximum height of h is reached if $x =$ (Ans. 2).

If the graph of t is shifted (Ans. 3), the equation of t will change to $y = \cos x$.

1	
----------	--

2	
----------	--

3	
----------	--

▶ 0° ▶ 60° ▶ 90° ▶ 120° ▶ 360° ▶ 60° to the left▶ 60° to the right▶ 120° to the left▶ 120° to the right