Name:
Subject: Calculus 1: Factor Theorem
Class: $\qquad$

## Total Marks: 76

## Question 1: True/False [8]

$f(x)=2 x^{3}-9 x^{2}+16 x-12$
The only real root of $f(x)$ is $x=2$.

## TRUE

## FALSE

## Question 2: True/False [8]

$f(x)=x^{3}-8 x^{2}+5 x+14$
If $f(x)=0$, then $x$ will be equal to 2 or 7 .

## TRUE

## FALSE

Question 3: Multiple Choice [2]
$f(x)=x^{2}-x$ divided by $x+1$ leaves a remainder of.


## Question 4: Multiple Choice [4]

$f(x)=x^{3}+2 x^{2}-3 x-3$
The number $p$ which must be added to $f(x)$ so that $f(x)+p$ is exactly divisible by $(2 x-1)$ is ...

A $3 \frac{7}{8}$
B $-3 \frac{7}{8}$
C $3 \frac{3}{8}$
D $-3 \frac{3}{8}$
E $\quad 4 \frac{1}{8}$

## Question 5: Multiple Choice [6]

If $x-2$ is a factor of $f(x)=x^{3}-12 x^{2}+44 x-48$, what is the solution of $f(x)=0$ ?

A $x=2 ; x=4 ; x=6$

B $\quad x=2 ; x=3 ; x=4$
C $x=-2 ; x=-4 ; x=-6$

D $x=-2 ; x=-4 ; x=18$

## Question 6: True/False [2]

## TRUE <br> FALSE

Question 7: True/False [3]
$(x+2)$ is a factor of $x^{3}+8 x^{2}+17 x+10$.

## TRUE

FALSE

Question 8: Socrates [8]
If $f(x)=x^{3}+a x^{2}-7 x+b$ and $g(x)=x^{2}+x-2$, then $a=\ldots$ and $b=\ldots$
Type in the two answers in order, separated by a;
$\square$

## Question 9: Socrates [4]

$f(x)=x^{3}+(k-4) x^{2}+(k-9) x-4$
If $f(x)$ divided by $(x-2)$ gives a remainder of 12 , then the value of $k$ will be ..
Type the number only.

## Question 10: Socrates [4]

Mathematics - LO 2 : AS 4
$f(x)=12 x^{3}+m x^{2}+10 x-8$
If $2 x+1$ is a factor of $f(x)$, then $m=\ldots$
Type the number only.
$\square$
Question 11: Socrates [3]
When $f(x)=2 x^{3}-7 x^{2}-3 x+20$ is divided by $2 x+3$, the remainder is ...
Type the number only.
$\square$

## Question 12: Cloze [4]

$f(x)=x^{3}-2 x^{2}-2 x+7$

If $f(x)$ is divided by $(x-a)$ and it leaves no remainder, then (Ans. 1).
If $f(x)$ is divided by $(x-2)$ and the remainder is 3 , then (Ans. 2).
When $f(x)$ is divided by $(2 x-1)$, then the remainder is equal to (Ans. 3).


## 2

3

- $f(2)=3$
- $f(-3)=2$
- $f(a)=0$
- $f(-2)=3$
- $f(-a)=0$
$-5 \frac{5}{8}$
* $6 \frac{1}{6}$
- $\frac{1}{2}$


## Question 13: Cloze [6]

$f(y)=8 y^{3}+26 y^{2}-23 y+4$ and $f(1 / 2)=0$.
The three roots in ascending order are: (Ans. 1), (Ans. 2) and (Ans. 3).

| 1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 |  |  |
| $y=\frac{1}{2}$ | $>y=-4$ |  |
| $f=\frac{1}{2}$ | $\forall f=-4$ | $\forall f=\frac{1}{4}$ |

## Question 14: Cloze [10]

$f(x)=x^{3}+m^{2} x^{2}-25 x-14 m$
The value(s) of $m$ for which $x+1$ will be a factor of $f(x)$ is/are (Ans. 1 ).
The value(s) of $m$ for which $x-4$ will be a factor of $f(x)$ is/are (Ans. 2).
The value(s) of $m$ for which the product of $x+1$ and $x-4$ will be a factor of $f(x)$ is/are (Ans. 3).

| 1 |  | 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 |  |  |  |
| - $m=2 ; m=12$ | * $m=2 ; m=-\frac{9}{8}$ |  | ${ }^{\prime} m=2 ; \quad m=12 ; \quad m=-\frac{9}{8}$ |
| - $m=2$ | -2; m |  | - $m=-2 ; m=-12$ |

## Question 15: Socrates [4]

Is $2 x-1$ a factor of $f(x)=4 x^{3}+2 x^{2}+2 x-2$ ?
Type either Yes or No.
$\square$

